

# Journal Courier.

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## OPPOSED TO A THIRD TERM

NO MAN IS CONSIDERED GREAT ENOUGH FOR IT.

Charles A. Dana Says Emphatically That He Does Not Favor the Nomination of President Cleveland Next Year—Congressman Bryan Does Not Want the Nation Guided by English Financiers.

Cincinnati, Oct. 20.—The Tribune today prints letters from leading democrats in answer to the following questions:

(1) Do you favor the nomination of Mr. Cleveland for president in 1896?

(2) Do you believe that the nomination of Mr. Cleveland would be wise or expedient?

(3) What is your opinion on the subject of a third term for a president?

Among them is the following: Charles A. Dana.—(1) No. (2) No. (3) Should not be any third term.

Ex-Governor Campbell: No man, in my opinion, is great enough to be considered for a third term in the presidency, and am very certain Grover Cleveland has never for an instant harbored the thought of such a thing for himself.

Congressman Bryan: "First and second question answered flatly 'no.' To the third term he replied: 'Looking at the subject from the standpoint of a citizen I would oppose his nomination for a third term, because I am not willing to believe that this nation should be guided by English financiers in its monetary policy, nor am I willing to assume that it is necessary to employ bankers, foreign or domestic, to protect the treasury of the United States.'"

Frederic R. Coudert replied as follows: "I cannot answer questions No. 1 and No. 2 so long in advance of the time when the nominations shall be made. I do not think that Mr. Cleveland, strong as he is with the people, is strong enough to be elected against a popular superstition such as that which connects a third term with disaster to the memory of Washington. But would such a nomination be obnoxious to the popular superstition? In one sense another term would be a third term, but in the only sense that can make a re-nomination dangerous to the stability of our institutions—I am trying to speak seriously—it would not be a third term."

Close Watch on Students. Constantinople, Oct. 20.—Since affairs have assumed a critical phase, a close watch has been kept upon the students at the various schools, it being known that there was a tendency among the young men to agitate for revolutionary action. To-day 18 students at the Pancael military school were arrested on the charge of conspiring to restore the constitution of Nudhad. When questioned in prison the young men confessed, giving all the details of the plot.

Foundered When Abandoned. London, Oct. 20.—Steamer Sachem at Liverpool from Boston landed at the former place Captain Gavel and the crew of six men belonging to the brigantine Gertrude, from St. John's for Cape Breton. The men were taken off the brigantine by the steamer on October 11 during a gale, in which the brigantine had sprung a leak. She was foundering when her crew abandoned her.

Many Wreaths Received. Paris, Oct. 20.—The body of J. W. Mackay, Jr., arrived to-night and was transferred from the station to the Mackay residence, where it was placed in the Chapelle Aden that had been prepared for it. The family was present. Many wreaths were received from friends of the family. The body will be embalmed. It is learned to-night that the date of the obsequies has not yet been definitely decided upon.

AGAINST A HEAVY GALE. The Battleship Indiana Makes a Good Run on Her Return Trip. Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—The battleship Indiana arrived back here this afternoon from her trial trip off the New England coast. The run from Boston Light to the Delaware capes was made at an average speed of 12.63 knots against a strong gale and a heavy sea and consumed thirty-three hours.

The ship left Boston Friday night at 10:30 and off the Delaware capes at 8 o'clock this morning. The vessel behaved admirably in the heavy weather she encountered. A six hours' coal consumption test was made on the return run, but the result will not be known until the calculations of the officers have been worked out.

The Indiana will remain at Cramps until she goes into commission early next month.

## IT IS STILL A MYSTERY.

Medical Examiner Will Not Give Details of His Investigations.

Waterbury, Oct. 20.—There is still a mystery concerning the death of Herbert Potter of Harwinton, who was found dead in a street at Thomaston Saturday morning. Medical Examiner Smith declines to make public the result of his investigation.

All evidences point to a violent death, probably murder, but there is not the slightest motive apparent to justify the latter suspicion. There is little ground for believing that death resulted from an accident, and the circumstances all go to show that it did not result from natural causes.

Potter's body was discovered at 6 o'clock in the middle of the road in what is known as Rancho 10. The only evidence of violence was a cut near the left eye and a bloody nose. The cut near the eye looked as though it might have been caused by a stone or blunt instrument. Little blood had flowed from it. Potter was quarrelsome and no one who knew him would have been likely to hold him up for money.

No Trace of Survivors. Wellington, N. Z., Oct. 20.—The government steamer Niemo, which arrived to-day from the Auckland Islands, reports that the shores of the islands were strewn with wreckage and bales of Australian wool. The name of the vessel that is supposed to have been lost is unknown, and there was no trace found of any survivors of the wreck.

Wildest Excitement Prevails. St. John's, N. F., Oct. 20.—Last night the crown authorities arrested four prominent liquor dealers, who are implicated in the smuggling scandals, among the four being Michael Tobin, the senior Whiteway member of the assembly for the Placentia district, one of the governors of the savings bank and a leading legislator. Twenty-three arrests are arranged to take place to-morrow. The wildest excitement prevails. It is reported some of the warrants are for men in very high places in business and in public life.

Important Arrest Made. Lynn, Mass., Oct. 20.—Fred D. Russell, a notorious thief and criminal, who has broken jail at least twice and is wanted in three states and the Canadian provinces for breaking and entering, horse stealing, etc., was arrested in Lynn this afternoon. His capture is regarded as one of the most important that has taken place in this city for several years.

Has Proved His Rights. Brockton, Mass., Oct. 20.—William Sands, a well known horseman of this city, and son of W. R. Sands, a commission dealer of St. Stephens, N. B., is the prospective heir to a portion of the Sands' legacy in England, estimated, with accrued interest, to amount to some \$75,000,000. Mr. Sands senior states in a letter recently received by his son that he has succeeded in proving his right and title to a portion of the property.

## HE WILL CLAIM THE FORFEIT.

Fitzsimmons' Manager Will Have His Man on Hand.

Hot Springs, Oct. 20.—Martin Julian, Fitzsimmons' manager, declared to-day that he would not sign the new articles nor would he consent to a postponement of the fight and that if Corbett was not ready on October 31 to fight to a finish he would claim the forfeit money for Fitzsimmons, who would be here that day, prepared to enter the ring.

A meeting of the Florida Athletic club will be held to-morrow morning when Julian will be heard in regard to the proposed postponement and change of contract. The best of feeling does not exist between Julian and the officers of the club. The latter claim that Julian has no forfeit money up on Fitzsimmons and that if the latter does not appear he will forfeit nothing but his time.

Julian claims that he and Fitzsimmons have not been treated right in the affair and that they have not been consulted as to any of the proposed changes. He said to-day that Fitzsimmons was in splendid condition and owing to the difference in the weather between here and Corpus Christi did not think it best to bring him here before the day of the fight. He stated that if after he had claimed the forfeit the Corbett party wished to make other arrangements he and Fitzsimmons would accommodate them, but this fight must be brought off according to agreement.

Julian said that Fitzsimmons' money was placed in the hands of the stakeholder all right. All of it, except \$1,800, had been attached, but that out no figure, as he had another \$10,000 to put up as a side bet where it could not be attached by anybody. As for postponing the fight he saw no necessity of that. As he understood it all that had to be done was to build a fence around Whittington Park thirteen feet higher than it is now and throw up the seats, which could be done in twenty-four hours with a large force of men. The probable action of Governor Clark is the subject of comment and surmise. An extra session is now the governor's only hope of making good his word that there shall be no fight in Arkansas. Judge Harrell is of the opinion that the governor will not call an extra session, as it would cost the state \$100,000 to do so.

Attorney General Kinsworthy was all day engaged in getting the appeal papers ready to take the case to the supreme court to-morrow.

## TO BE ELECTED BY PEOPLE

ALL CITY COMMISSIONERS TO BE VOTED FOR IN DECEMBER.

Civil Service Commission Also Established by General Assembly—Special Laws Enacted at Recent Session Affecting the Police and Other City Departments.

At the recent session of the general assembly several laws were enacted which directly affect the government of the police department and the workings of which will be put to a test for the first time in the near future. The two most important of these laws are those amending the charter of the city of New Haven and providing for the establishment of a civil service commission to pass upon the fitness of applicants for the police and fire departments and the act which takes away from the board of aldermen that which has been in former years its chief prerogative, the election of police, fire and road commissioners.

By the provisions of the latter act these commissioners are now to be elected by the people instead of by the members of the board of aldermen and this law will go into effect at the coming city election, when the successors to Commissioners Prince and Gilbury of the police commission, Commissioners Parsons and McDonald of the fire commission and Commissioners States and Johnson of the board of public works, all of whose terms expire on the first Monday of February, 1896, will be nominated in open convention and elected by the people at the city election in December next.

The act which provides for the establishment of a civil service commission was approved July 1, 1895, and reads as follows: Resolved by this assembly, That the mayor, superintendent of police, and superintendent of the fire department of the city of New Haven shall constitute a board of civil service commissioners for the recommendation of persons for appointment to the police and fire departments of said city, such recommendation to be based upon the results of competitive examinations conducted by the said commissioners personally, or under their supervision and direction. They shall prepare rules not inconsistent with existing laws for the selection of persons to be recommended for such appointment, and shall supervise the administration of the same. After January 1, 1896, no appointments shall be made to the supernumerary force of the police department or to the regular force of the fire department except from a list of persons recommended by said board of civil service commissioners as eligible for such appointment.

The act providing for the election of the several commissioners by the people instead of by the board of aldermen was approved by the governor July 2, 1895, and is as follows: Resolved by this assembly, Section 1.—That section thirty-seven of the charter of the city of New Haven be and hereby is amended to read as follows: There shall be in said city a board of public works composed of six members, a board of police commissioners composed of six members, a board of fire commissioners composed of six members, all of whom shall be electors residing in said city, and shall serve without pay, but none of said police commissioners shall, either as principal, agent or employee, be engaged in, or directly or indirectly interested in, the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors. The mayor of said city shall be ex-officio chairman of each of said boards, and no vote in case of a tie, exception upon the election of voting places in said city and town by said board of police commissioners, and the election or appointment by ballot or vote of any officer or employee elected or appointed by either of said boards, or for the dismissal of any such officer or employee. No person shall be a member of more than one of said boards at the same time, nor shall any member of the city government be eligible to either of said boards during the term for which he shall have been elected or appointed, except as herein otherwise provided. No member of either of said boards of the court of common council shall furnish any materials to said city, or any department thereof, or be employed to do any work for said city, or be directly or indirectly interested in the furnishing of such materials or doing such work. Each of said boards may elect one of its number to preside in the absence of the mayor, and the said several presiding officers shall be ex-officio members of the boards of aldermen and councilmen, and entitled to all the privileges of members of said boards of aldermen and councilmen, except the right to vote. On the first Tuesday of December, 1895, and annually thereafter, the freemen of said city shall elect by ballot from among their number, as prescribed by law, two commissioners of the police department, two commissioners of the fire department, and two commissioners of the board of public works, each of whom shall hold office for the period of three years from and after the first Monday of February next succeeding their election, and until their successors are duly elected and qualified. No elector shall vote for more than one commissioner for each of said boards, and the two candidates for the office of commissioner of each of said boards receiving the highest number of votes cast at said election shall be elected. Those commissioners of the police department, fire department, and of the board of public works, now holding office and elected in 1894 shall hold office until the first Monday of February, 1897, and those elected in 1895 shall hold office until the first Monday of February, 1898.

Section 2.—Section thirty-eight of said charter is hereby amended to read as follows: Whenever any vacancy shall occur in the membership of either of said boards of public works, police, or fire commissioners, by reason of the

death, removal, or resignation of any of said members, the board of aldermen of said city shall, at its first regular meeting thereafter, elect, by ballot, a person to be a member of such board for the unexpired part of the term made vacant as aforesaid; and no person shall be eligible to an election, to fill such vacancy, who is not a member of the same political party as was the member whom he shall succeed. Any member of either of said boards shall be subject to removal for cause, upon charges made in writing by any member of the court of common council, provided, said charges are found to be sustained by a two-thirds vote of the board of aldermen.

Says It Is Not So. Waterbury, Oct. 20.—Colonel Lucien F. Burpee to-night said that the report in circulation to the effect that he was to investigate the manner of expenditure of the state appropriation to the Atlanta exposition and its connection with the Foot Guard is false. He said that it had never occurred to him to investigate.

Suit Brought. Waterbury, Oct. 20.—Suit has been brought by George W. McGill of New York, against the Holmes, Booth & Hodens Manufacturing company of this city. For several years this company has been using metallic fasteners invented by McGill, and he now asks for an accounting charging that the company has made false charges with reference to the purchases of brass and other raw material used in the manufacture of the fasteners, and that his royalties have been diminished \$100,000 as a result of the false charges.

## SEVERAL SUNDAY SEIZURES

BURGULAR AND SALOON KEEPERS ARRESTED YESTERDAY.

Stole Clothing on Davenport Avenue and Sold it on Oak Street—Sunday Spotted and Three Frequenters of Saloon Arrested—All Released on Bonds.

Joseph Nolan, who claims to reside in New York, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Patrolmen Jere McGrath and Curran and locked up at police headquarters, charged with burglary. About 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon Nolan entered the house, 12 Davenport avenue, occupied by Barry Holgfelski, by raising a window in the basement.

After he had effected an entrance into the house he made his way upstairs and broke open a door leading into one of the bedrooms. Here he began rummaging through the drawers of the bureau, and was in the midst of his work when discovered by a woman who lived in the house. Nolan, however, succeeded in making his escape, and took with him three coats, three vests and a pair of trousers belonging to Holgfelski, besides a quantity of small trinkets.

Later in the afternoon Nolan went to a second hand store on Oak street, kept by Harry Goldberg, and offered to sell the stolen clothing to him. Now it so happens that Goldberg is a son-in-law of Holgfelski's, and had given the clothing in question to his father-in-law. When Nolan offered him the clothing he immediately recognized them and being suspicious that it had been stolen called Patrolmen McGrath and Curran and Nolan was placed under arrest, charged with theft. Subsequently when the facts of the burglary on Davenport avenue became known the charge was changed from theft to burglary. As he was unable to procure bonds he spent the night in the lockup, and will be arraigned in the city court this morning.

The police also succeeded yesterday in apprehending two violators of the Sunday liquor law. They are Edward F. Turbert, who keeps a saloon at 675 Grand avenue, and James Doyle, a saloonkeeper at 217 Congress avenue. About 6 o'clock last evening Patrolmen Foran, McKee, Linsley and Caulfield went to Turbert's saloon and they alleged that outside of the saloon Thomas J. McNulty was stationed as a sentinel, and when he saw the officers coming he touched an electric button and gave the signal to those inside the saloon.

The officers, however, increased their pace and succeeded in getting inside the saloon. Here they found Patrick McQueney, Thomas J. Dorney, Patrick Barry and Turbert, the proprietor, while on the bar was a quantity of liquor. Turbert was arrested, charged with violation of the Sunday liquor law, and subsequently released under bonds of \$100. The three other men were also arrested, charged with being found in a saloon on Sunday, and were released under bonds of \$75 each. McNulty was also arrested, charged with giving information of the approach of the police, and released under \$100 bonds. The bond in each case was furnished by Patrick Higlins, a downtown saloon keeper.

Patrolmen Hyde and Conney early last evening saw James Doyle, a saloon keeper at 217 Congress avenue, in the act of passing a "growler" of beer out of his saloon to a woman customer, Edwige Griffin, and promptly arrested him, charging him with violation of the Sunday liquor law. He was subsequently released under \$100 bonds. Bridget Griffin and John Gray, who were found on the premises, were also arrested and released on bonds.

In Many People's Way. Washington, Oct. 20.—A New York paper printed this morning a dispatch under a Washington date to the effect that Senor de Lome, the Spanish minister at Washington, would probably be recalled by his government. The minister said he had proofs of his having the fullest confidence and approval of his government. If it were otherwise he would leave his post upon the slightest intimation. Senor de Lome added: "I am in the way of many people because I successfully represent the policy of unity and friendship with the United States government and because the people of the United States know me and are sure I cannot deceive them. I represent also a system of fullest activity against the unlawful work of the revolutionists that have taken the United States as a field of operations against a foreign power."

Evidently Suicide. White River Junction, Vt., Oct. 20.—The mystery surrounding the sudden disappearance on July 26 last of Almeron C. Innan, night watchman in the train department of the Central Vermont road, was solved to-day. His dead body was discovered this afternoon in the woods west of Billings park within a mile of his home. He had evidently committed suicide.

Attorney Thomson Better. Attorney Jason P. Thomson, who is critically ill at his home in Fair Haven, was reported last evening by his attending physician, Dr. W. W. Hawkes, as slightly improved and stronger hopes are now entertained of his ultimate recovery.

Arrested for Chestnutting. The authorities of East Haven yesterday arrested a number of men and boys who were gathering chestnuts in the woods near Foxon, charging them with trespass and violation of the Sunday law. All were subsequently released on bonds.

Reception Was Cordial. Winnipeg, Oct. 20.—J. C. Patterson, ex-minister of militia, who succeeds Sir John Schultze as governor of Manitoba, reached here yesterday and is now established in the government house. The reception accorded the new governor by Premier Greenway and his ministers was cordial. This somewhat unexpected cordiality, for Manitoba had desired the appointment of a local man as governor, was led to a generally accepted report that a settlement of the troublesome parochial school question is not far off.

## WORK OF AN INCENDIARY

TWO HUNDRED HOUSES WERE DESTROYED NEAR NEW ORLEANS.

The Fire Started in an Italian's Confectionery—No Intense Was the Feeling That Could the Man Have Been Found? He Would Have Been Lynched—Finally Arrested and in Safe Keeping.

New Orleans, Oct. 20.—A fire broke out at Algiers, opposite the city, late last night and continued burning until this morning at 9 o'clock. Two hundred houses were burned in all. The fire was confined almost entirely to the residence portion of the town, the owners of which are people in moderate circumstances. It is estimated that the loss is fully \$400,000, but it will be several days before it can be accurately stated. The insurance is said to be very light. The fire originated in an Italian's confectionery and fruit store, and everything seems to prove it was incendiary.

No intense was the feeling against the suspected man that if he could have been found early this morning he would have been lynched. He was arrested to-day and brought over to New Orleans for safe keeping.

The Algiers police station, the court house and jail were burned, together with some of the court records. The court house was an historic one, having been erected about the year 1808. It was formerly the mansion of the Duverge family.

A subscription for the relief of the homeless people, who number seven hundred, has been started. The public school buildings have been thrown open to them, and many have found shelter there.

Thousands went over from New Orleans to-day to view the ruins. About six o'clock the ferry incline on the Algiers side of the river gave way and precipitated probably a hundred persons to the ground. Fortunately the river is low or the accident might have been serious. Five or six only fell into the water and were rescued. One man had his leg broken. No other person appears to have been injured.

## FOOT GUARDS AT ATLANTA.

The Trip Thoroughly Enjoyable—Made 94 Miles in 22 Hours—Mrs. Stonewall Jackson—Enthusiastic Welcome by the People.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 20, 1895.—We arrived here to-night all well, after one of the most enjoyable trips that has ever been held by the company. We made the 94 miles in twenty-two hours. At Charlotte, N. C., we were introduced to Mrs. Stonewall Jackson. Arriving here we were met by the Gate City Guard and escorted to the Markham house, which will be our headquarters during our stay in this city. To-morrow we act as escort to Governor Coffin, and in the evening we are the guests of the guards. Many New Haven people are here, including Max Adler. At every stop we were welcomed by a crowd, and the applause which we received on the march to the hotel in this city was loud and long. We arrived one half hour ahead of the first company.

## THE NEW ST. JOHN'S CHURCH

First Services Held There Yesterday—A New Brass Pulpit—Memorial Windows—New Pews to be Given—Rev. Mr. Richards Assisted at Yesterday's Services.

The congregation of St. John's Episcopal church held services yesterday for the first time in the new church edifice at the corner of Orange and Humphrey streets. The old church had been sold and the purchaser had allowed the congregation to hold services there for some time after the sale, but the change was necessary yesterday. The new church is a fine structure of stone, built somewhat in the shape of a cross. The main entrance is on Orange street and opens into a small vestibule, with no hall. Two memorial windows have been given by Mrs. Thomas Rockfort of this city, one in memory of her husband, Thomas Rockfort, deceased, and the other in memory of her son, the late Thomas Rockfort, who graduated in the Yale class of 1873, and was prominent in college athletics during his student days. Although still a young man when he died, he was prominent in the legal profession in New York city, and represented as counsel large financial interests. He was senior member of the legal firm of Rockfort & Stanton. The windows are beautiful works of art and were made by Lamb of New York.

The pastor of the church, Rev. Stewart L. Means, preached from I Chron., 29:3: "Then the people rejoiced, for that they offered willingly because with perfect heart they offered willingly to the Lord; and David, the king, also rejoiced with great joy." The evening sermon was from the text, I Kings, 8:39-40: "Then hear thou in heaven thy dwelling place, and forgive and do and give to every man according to his ways, whose heart thou knowest. That they may fear thee all the days that they live in the land which thou gavest unto our fathers."

Mr. Means was assisted at both morning and evening services by Rev. George B. Richards of Richfield Springs, N. Y., who is a son of Prof. Charles B. Richards of Sheffield Scientific school. At present the old pews from the old church on State street are being used, but as soon as a sum equivalent to the cost of new pews is raised for church purposes, a set of very handsome new pews will be given to the church by Captain John D. Wheeler of the Malloy Wheeler Co.

The splendid new brass pulpit at the church is the gift of Mr. S. E. Dibble, the Grand avenue dealer in stoves and furnaces.

The church will not be formally consecrated until the debt is all paid.

## MEIBAS.

No occasions of the coming musical season are likely to attract greater interest than the appearance of Meiba and her associated artists at the Hyperion on November 4. Scialchi, Baumeister and Campanari are all singers justly popular here and the new tenor, D'Albino, enters the Metropolitan Opera company at the close of this concert tour, which fact is reasonable evidence of his artistic standing. A large orchestra will be directed by Mr. Landon of the city of London. The great interest of the occasion, however, will be in the reappearance of the diva, who will give not only concert selections, but will appear also in a scene from Lucia and in two acts of Faust with her quartet of artists and with full scenery and costumes.

## DRUNKEN YALE STUDENTS.

Two Young Yale Students Spent the Night in the Police Lockup.

Two drunken and disorderly Yale students were arrested shortly before one o'clock yesterday morning by Patrolmen Dargan and R. T. Moore and spent the balance of the night in the lockup. The students in question were William W. Burton and Robert F. Troscher. Burton was so much under the influence of liquor as to be unable to retain his equilibrium and fell on his face on the steps of Bristol's livery stable. In his pockets when searched at police headquarters were found about half a pound of carpet tacks, a fancy stone beer mug and several whiskey glasses, the latter having been apparently stolen from some saloon. Troscher when arrested was amusing himself by acting in a disorderly and indecent manner on Chapel street.

## Expected Home.

Mr. Charles H. Snow, the confectioner, and wife, who have been in Boston and vicinity for the last two weeks, are expected home this week.